



ST20: Responsible Practice in E-Vapour Products (EVP) Product Stewardship

Tanvir Walele, MSc, ERT Imperial Tobacco Group PLC

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ALL Manufacturers' Duties



- Care in product design, manufacture and marketing
- Product awareness & understanding
- Respond to new product information
- Modify
- Warn
- Withdraw
- Held to standard of an expert



Responsible Practice

What does this mean for EVPs?



Compliance with EUTPD II

Conduct testing

Adherence to National Standards

Good
Manufacturing
Practices

Information to consumers

Impact to bystanders

Responsible Practice





Responsible practice can be divided in to 3 areas:



Focus today on pre-market product stewardship

- Emphasis on testing approaches and strategies

Risk Assessment of Ingredients Used in E-Liquids



FEMA 2015 notification on e-Cigarettes

"It is important to note that the GRAS provision applies only to food"

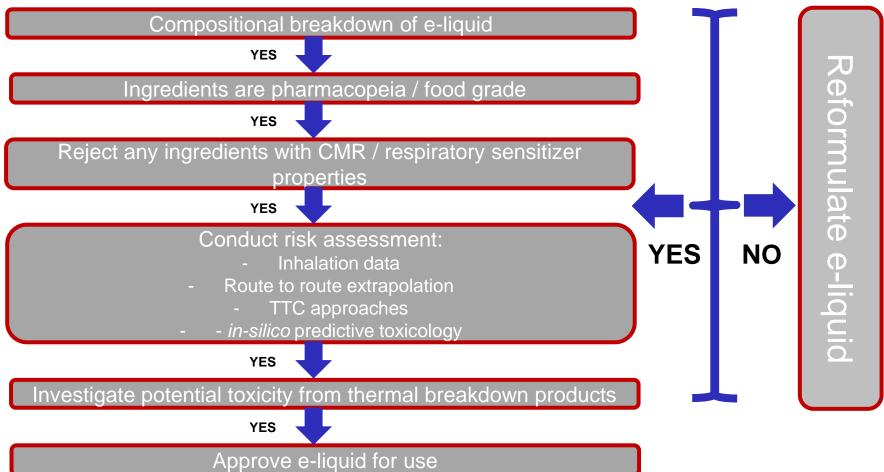
"None of the safety assessment programs for flavours, including the GRAS program, evaluate flavour ingredients for use in products other than human food"

"E-cigarette and flavour manufacturers and marketeers should not represent or suggest that the flavour ingredients used in e-cigarettes are safe because they have FEMA GRAS status"

Risk Assessment of Ingredients Used in E-Liquids (2)



Tiered Approach



EP/USP: European Pharmacopeia / United States Pharmacopeia

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic to Reproduction

TTC: Threshold of Toxicological Concern

Device Quality Testing



A number of Guidelines already exist



Aerosol Chemistry

What should be the focus?



From a regulatory & toxicological perspective the focus should be on nicotine, carbonyls and metals

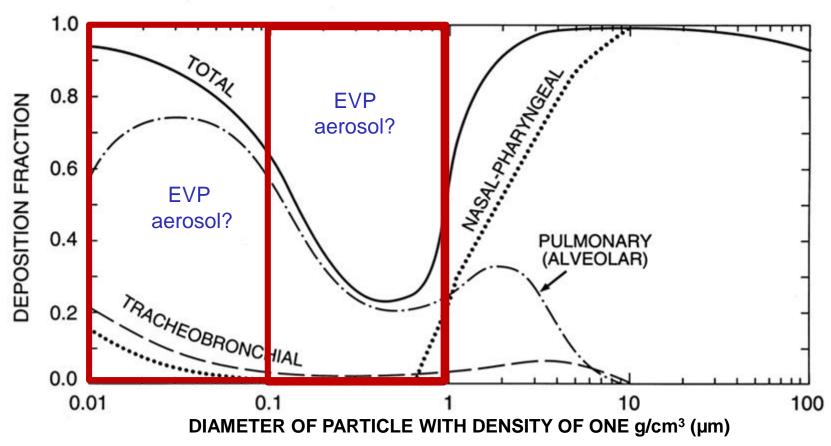
	CO	Carbonylsa	Phenolics ^b	Volatiles ^c	Metals ^d	TSNAse	PAA ^f	PAH ^g	Sum
Marlboro Gold Box (mg/cig)	27	1.92	0.204	1,430	<0.00020	0.000550	0,000024	0.00222	<30.6 mg
L&B Original (mg/cig)	22	1.89	0.26	1.02	< 0.0002	0.000238	0.000019	0.00219	<25.2
L&B Menthol (mg/cig)	20	1.81	0.17	0.94	<0.0003	0.000185	0.000017	0.00153	<22.9
blu CTD (mg/99 puffs)	< 0.1	<0.07	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.00004	< 0.00002	< 0.000004	< 0.00016	< 0.17
blu MMD (mg/99 puffs)	< 0.1	<0.08	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.00004	< 0.00002	< 0.000004	< 0.00016	< 0.18
blu CCHP (mg/99 puffs)	< 0.1	< 0.05	< 0.003	< 0.0004	< 0.00004	< 0.00002	< 0.000004	< 0.00014	< 0.15
SKYCIG CTB (mg/99 puffs)	< 0.1	< 0.06	< 0.0010	<0.008	< 0.00006	< 0.000013	< 0.000014	< 0.00004	< 0.17
SKYCIG CMB (mg/99 puffs)	< 0.1	<0.09	< 0.0014	<0.008	<0.00006	<0.000030	< 0.000014	<0.00004	<0.20
Air Blank (blu Set) (mg/99 puffs)	< 0.1	<0.06	< 0.001	< 0.0004	<0.00004	< 0.00002	< 0.000004	< 0.00015	< 0.16
Air Blank (SKYCIG Set) (mg/99 puffs)	<0.1	<0.05	< 0.0009	<0.008	< 0.00006	<0.000013	< 0.000014	<0.00006	< 0.16

Most of the other constituents are formation products of combustion **NOT** EVP aerosol

Particle Size Measurements & Characterisation



Why is this significant?



Particles may impact differential toxicity depending on where aerosol is deposited

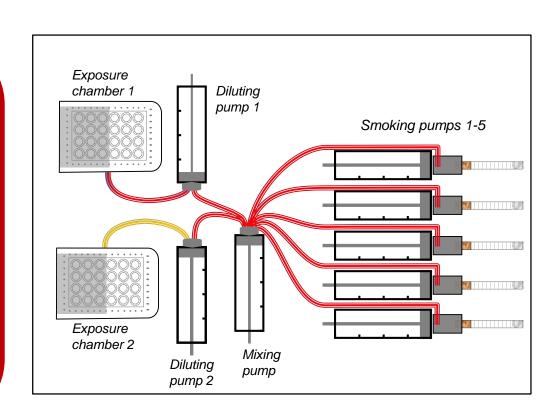
Biological Testing

In-vitro testing



A number of assays exist:

- Ames reverse bacterial mutagenicity assay
- In-vitro micronucleus (IVM) assay
- Cytotoxicity Neutral Red Uptake (NRU) assay
- IL-8 Assay inflammatory cytokine

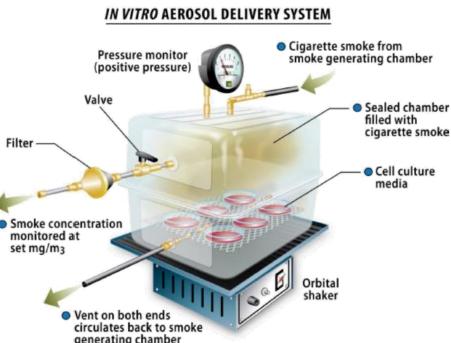


Biological Testing (2)



From 2D cell culture to 'repeat dose' 3D cell culture





Investigate multiple endpoints after aerosol exposure

Pre-market product stewardship



Summary

Risk assessment of ingredients & materials

Performed by registered Toxicologist

Ingredients pharmacopeia / food grade

No CMRs / respiratory sensitizers

Device Quality Testing

Stability testing: normal & accelerated

Extractables & Leachables

Microbiological testing

Aerosol chemistry & in-vitro toxicology

Focus on nicotine, carbonyls & metals

Particle size measurements & characterisation

In-vitro biological testing



Thank you for your attention!





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